

When Do Children and Teens Need Vaccinations?

Age	HepB Hepatitis B	RSV- mAb	DTaP/Tdap Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough)	Hib <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b	IPV Polio	PCV Pneumo- coccal conjugate	RV Rotavirus	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Vari- cella Chickenpox	HepA Hepatitis A	COVID-19	Dengue	HPV Human papillomavirus	Men- ACWY Meningococcal	MenB Meningococcal	Influenza Flu
at Birth	✓	✓ ²														
2 months	✓	(0-7 mos)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
4 months	✓ ¹		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
6 months	✓		✓	✓ ¹	✓	✓	✓ ¹									✓
8 months	(6-18 mos)				(6-18 mos)											(6 mos and older)
12 months		✓ ² (8-19 mos)		✓		✓		✓	✓	✓✓						
15 months			✓ ³ (15-18 mos)	(12-15 mos)		(12-15 mos)		(12-15 mos)	(12-15 mos)	(2 doses given 6 months apart routinely at age 12-23 months)						
18 months											✓ ⁴					
19-23 months										HepA vaccine (2 doses) is also recommended for children and teens not previously vaccinated	Ask your child's healthcare provider about COVID-19 vaccine					
4-6 years			✓		✓			✓	✓							
7-10 years																
11-12 years			✓ (Tdap)									✓✓✓ ⁵ Dengue vaccine is recommended for certain children	✓✓ ^{6,7}	✓		Influenza vaccine is recommended every year for everyone age 6 months and older
13-15 years																
16-18 years													✓	✓✓ 8,9,10		

One dose each fall or winter. Some children younger than age 9 years need 2 doses; ask your child's healthcare provider if your child needs more than 1 dose.

- NOTES**
- 1 Your child may not need this dose depending on the brand of vaccine that your healthcare provider uses.
 - 2 Infants whose mother did not receive an RSV vaccination during pregnancy and who are younger than 8 months 0 days should receive RSV preventive antibody (RSV-mAb) before or during the RSV season (typically October through March). Certain high-risk children (8 through 19 months) will need RSV-mAb before their second RSV season.
 - 3 This dose of DTaP may be given as early as age 12 months if it has been 6 months since the previous dose.

- 4 Children age 5 years or older generally need only one dose. The number of doses for children age 6 months through 4 years is determined by the vaccine brand.
- 5 Children ages 9 through 16 years who live in Puerto Rico, American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau, and have lab-confirmed previous dengue infection are recommended to receive a 3-dose series of dengue vaccine.
- 6 HPV vaccine is routine at age 11 or 12 years but may be started at age 9.

- 7 Children with certain medical conditions will need a third dose.
- 8 This vaccine may be given to healthy teens. It is also recommended for adolescents with certain health conditions.
- 9 Your teen may need an additional dose depending on your healthcare provider's recommendation.
- 10 When MenACWY and MenB vaccines are both needed, a MenABCWY combination vaccine may be used.

